



## 14 Jul – 20 Jul

Monday  
14 Jul

Hosea 11:1 to 14:9

In spite of the fact that God's wrath against Ephraim (Israel) was justified, He would not pour out all of His punishment and He would offer them hope— again! If they would *only return* to God...

Tuesday  
15 Jul

II Kings 17:5; 18:9; 17:6; 18:10,11; 17:7-23; 18:12;

**Now Israel falls. The time is 722/721 BC.**

Psalm 80

Psalm 80 is a plea for God to look at them in favor again.

Isaiah 21:1-17;  
 Isaiah 14:28-32;  
 Isaiah 15:1-9

Now our readings are of Judah alone (721-606 BC). Hezekiah is still king in the South. Isaiah begins to prophesy against various wicked nations, including Palestina (the Philistines) and Moab.

Wed  
16 Jul

Isaiah 16:1-14;  
 II Kings 18:7,8;  
 I Chronicles 4: 39-43;

Isaiah 16 is more against Moab. Then Hezekiah fights against Philistia and Amalek.

Isaiah 18:1 to 20:6

Finally, Isaiah prophesies against Ethiopia and Egypt.

Thursday  
17 Jul

Isaiah 23:1-18  
 Isaiah 10:5-34  
 Isaiah 11:1-16  
  
 Isaiah 12:1-6

Isaiah 23 is against the evil seaport of Tyre. Then he predicts the punishment of Assyria. Isaiah 11 is on of his great prophecies of the kingdom/church of Christ. Isaiah 12 is a psalm of thanksgiving.

Friday  
18 Jul

Isaiah 13:1-16;  
 Isaiah 14:1-27;

Here is the judgment of Babylon and a ray of hope for the future (the Christian age).

Isaiah 24:1-23

Isaiah 24 is a prediction of judgments that were to come upon Judah.

Isaiah 25:1-12

In chapter 25, Judah rejoices over deliverances.

Saturday  
19 Jul

Isaiah 26:1-21

In chapter 26, Judah continues to sing 6 of deliverance.

Isaiah 27:1-13

In Isaiah 27, the oppressor is judged.

Sunday  
20 Jul

Isaiah 22:1-14

The first reading sounds an ominous note for the future of Judah.

Isaiah 34:1 to 35:10

The second reading deals with the Lord's vengeance and victory.